ELEC 243 Problem Set 8 Exam Section Due: March 20, 2015

Exam Cover Sheet

Exam problems begin on the next page.

There is one problem this week. It has a one hour time limit.

Before beginning you should read the following guidelines:

- All exam problems are pledged work.
- You may not discuss any problem with anyone other than the instructor.
- Unless otherwise specified, you MAY utilize:
 - A calculator.
 - Your textbook, class notes, and any material on or *directly* linked to the class web page.
 - A table of integrals.
- Unless otherwise specified, you MAY NOT utilize:
 - Matlab or any other computer software.
 - Any reference material other than those listed above.
- "Find" means to determine a numerical value or an algebraic expression for the indicated quantity or function. "Sketch" or "plot" means to draw a graph of the indicated function, not necessarily to accurate scale, but with labeled axes and important values indicated.
- Some problems will have a time limit. This will be indicated at the beginning of the problem itself and on the cover sheet. If no time limit is specified, you may use as much time as desired, subject to the solution being handed in on time.

When you are ready to begin, turn the page.

E8.1 This problem has a one hour time limit.

The circuit below is a simplified version of the Emitter-Detector pair from Experiment 6.1.



With a voltage of 2 V DC connected to v_{in} , and nothing in the path between the LED and the photodiode, v_{out} has a value of 1 V DC.

- (a) What is i_{LED} ?
- (b) What is i_{PD} ?
- (c) If the LED has a reverse saturation current (I_0) of 2.8×10^{-23} A, what is v_{LED} ?
- (d) If an opaque object is placed in the path between the LED and photodiode, what is v_{out} ?
- (e) If a transparent object which absorbs 80% of the light passing through it is placed in the path between the LED and photodiode, what is v_{out} ?
- (f) If the 2 V DC source is replaced with $v_{in} = \cos(100t)$, what is v_{out} (with nothing in the path)?