

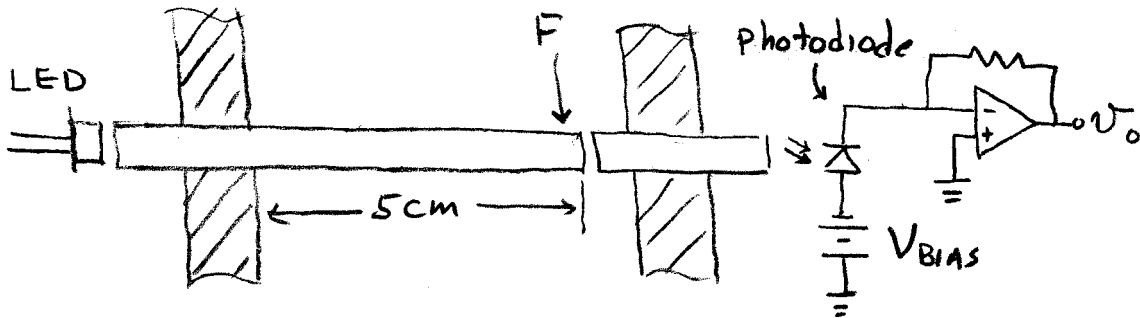
ELEC 435
Problem Set 12
Due: December 5, 2014

Homework Problems.

H12.1 The device below is a fiber-optic force sensor. The two fibers are made of quartz and have an outside diameter of 2 mm and a core diameter of 1.95 mm.

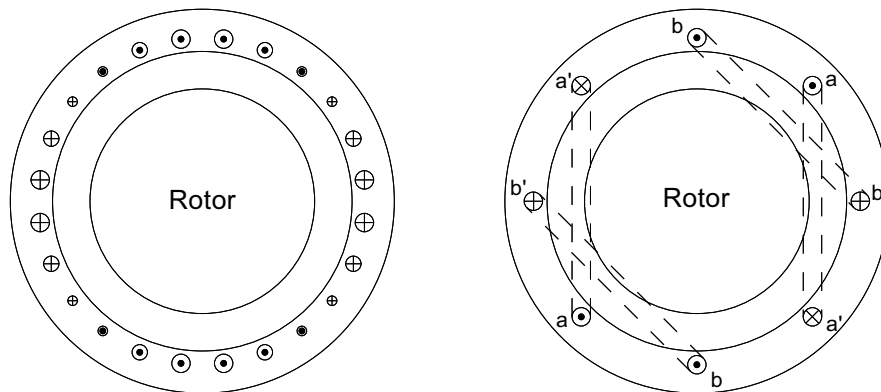
Plot the output voltage (as a percentage of maximum) vs. F . What is the useful range of this device?

Useful information: A force F applied to the end of a cylindrical cantilever beam of diameter d and length l produces a deflection at the free end of $\frac{64Fl^3}{3\pi Ed^4}$. The elastic modulus of quartz is 95 GPa.



H12.2 The AC motors we've seen in class have been *two-pole* structures: at any point in time the magnetic field in the air gap has a single pair of extrema (i.e. a north and a south pole). The figure on the left below shows the windings for a single phase of a *four-pole* structure. The varying size of the coils is intended to indicate a sinusoidally distributed field. The figure on the right shows a two-phase, four-pole structure consisting of two sets of sinusoidally distributed coils spaced 45° apart. For simplicity, each winding is indicated as a single coil.

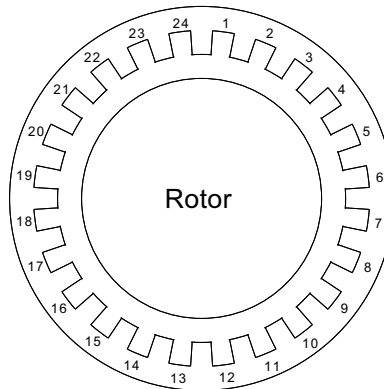
- Sketch the field produced by the single phase winding on the left.
- If the windings on the right are connected to a two-phase current of frequency ω (i.e. $i_a(t) = \cos(\omega t)$ and $i_b(t) = \sin(\omega t)$), at what rate will the resulting field rotate?
- If the structure in part (b) is generalized to p poles, what is the speed of rotation as a function of the frequency of the applied current and the number of poles?



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H12.3 In the cylindrical magnetic structure below, the gap width is 0.9 mm. It is desired to have a two pole flux pattern with the North pole at 0° and a peak flux density of 1.0 T.

- Show the locations of the coils and currents on the stator. Mark “+” where current enters the paper and “-” where it leaves the paper.
- How many total turns per coil are required if the peak current is 10 A? (Each turn consists of a pair of wires in the stator: one carrying current from front to back (into the paper) in one slot and the other returning the current to the front (out of the paper) in another slot.)
- Give the number of wires to be placed in each slot to approximate a sinusoidally distributed flux density.



Quiz Problems.

Q12.1 Design an actuator which will produce an approximately constant force of 1N over a range of motion of 1cm when a current of 1A is applied. You have available: permanent magnets which will produce a flux density of 1T in an air gap of 2mm, an unlimited supply of .5mm dia wire, soft magnetic material of infinite permeability, and a wide selection of mechanical components (gears, cables, bearings, etc.). You may use as many or as few of these ingredients as you need.